

UNCLE SAM'S \$100,000 MOLOKAI APPROPRIATION

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13.—Surgeon General Wyman of the Marine Hospital Corps, has received the official notice of the enactment of the leprosy law and is prepared to take the earliest possible steps toward the execution of its provisions. He had on his desk today a cablegram from Gov. Carter, expressing appreciation of his (Wyman's) efforts in securing the passage of the leprosy bill and urging him to visit Hawaii and personally select the site for the buildings authorized by Congress for the study of the disease. Dr. Wyman has already mailed copies of the leprosy law to Gov. Carter, Dr. Cooper, and other Honolulu officials.

Personally Dr. Wyman is anxious to visit the islands. Col. "Pete" Hepburn, chairman of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, which favorably reported the bill, will leave for Honolulu early in April and he wants Dr. Wyman to accompany him. Col. Hepburn has relatives living in Honolulu and he is going on a visit to them. When the Pacific Mail steamer comes along with the big Congressional party, en route to Manila, Col. "Pete" plans to join them and to proceed from Honolulu to the Philippines.

Just at present Dr. Wyman is unable to say whether he can make the trip to Honolulu. He pointed out today that the preparations for the quarantine season are now under way in his office and that these entail a lot of work. Then the prevalence of yellow fever on the isthmus of Panama is another matter with which he has to do. Dr. Wyman has had a very hard winter, having been ill a part of the time. The trip to the islands would undoubtedly be of great personal benefit to him but he said today, if he decided to go, it would be just about the time when he started.

It will probably be as much as a year before the leprosy work authorized by Congress is well under way. The appropriation of \$100,000 for the construction of buildings is immediately available but the appropriation of \$50,000 more for maintenance and pay of officers will not be available till June 30 next. It is believed that in the course of a few months plans will be completed to enable experts to set to work in the study of leprosy. Dr. Wyman has had the law printed in the weekly bulletin of the Marine Hospital Service, which will give it wide circulation among the officials of that service. He stated today that he regarded the law as the greatest move ever made by any government of the world for the study of any disease.

In the construction of the buildings, the first step will be to call a meeting of the general board of officers of the Marine Hospital Service to prepare plans for the building and suggest a sketch of the same for the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The next step will be the selection of a site. "I shall either go myself to Honolulu," said Dr. Wyman today, "or send some one. Whoever goes will, of course, confer with Dr. Cofer, our official who is stationed there, and with others in Hawaii. We shall move in both these matters as expeditiously as we reasonably can."

While nothing definite has been done yet towards the study of the disease, as the appropriation provides, it is known that some general ideas have been well defined. It is known that only rational and safe methods will be followed. When I asked Dr. Wyman what plans he had towards inaugurating the experimental work, he replied:

"Only patients from the territory of Hawaii will be treated. We have no authority to receive any patients from outside of Hawaii. It will take some time to map out the course of treatment to be followed. It is not unlikely that two or even more courses of treatment may be under investigation at any given time."

Dr. Wyman is also desirous of seeing the new quarantine wharf, which the government has been building at Honolulu. He would like an opportunity to witness the operations of the quarantine service at the territory capital, which, he hears from every quarter, are model in many particulars.

Immigration Commissioner Sargent is now out of town, but it is known that he has not changed his plans about making another trip to Honolulu this spring. It was said at his office today, that he would probably not leave here for Honolulu till late in April.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

DIED WHILE WIFE WAS COMING HERE

SALT LAKE CITY, March 7.—E. W. Vanderveer, a Chicago traveling man, passed away at the L. D. S. hospital yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. His wife, not even aware of his illness, is aboard a steamer on her way to Honolulu. Her husband had intended to join her on the islands in a short time.

A week ago, while attending to his duties about the city, Mr. Vanderveer felt slightly indisposed, and going to his room at the Wilson, called a physician. The medical man told his patient that he was threatened with pneumonia and that the best thing to do would be to go to the hospital. Vanderveer did not realize that he was going to be so ill, and not wishing to alarm his wife did not even notify her.

A cablegram will be sent to Honolulu, to be delivered to Mrs. Vanderveer upon her arrival there.

NOTHING EQUAL TO CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY FOR BOWEL COMPLAINTS IN CHILDREN.

"We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," says Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Netherlands, Texas, U. S. A. "We have given it to all of our children. We have used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to equal Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For sale by all dealers and druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

Hon. Fred. Beckley, former Speaker of the House of Representatives, arrived from Molokai on Friday night and will be here during the remainder of the Legislative session.



When the thermometer is low we get careless and dress as if it were summer. Then come chills, colds, coughs. Keep

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral on hand. A dose or two at the beginning will stop the chills, break up the cold, and prevent serious trouble. Look out for cheap imitations.

In large and small bottles. Avoid constipation. Hasten a cure by the use of Ayer's Pills. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

WOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

Arrangements have been made by the management of the Volcano House to place tickets for that resort on sale at the Hawaiian and Moana Hotels, and later similar arrangements will be made with Young Hotel. Tourists will therefore have no excuse for not seeing the chief attraction of the Islands, as information about Kilauea will also be given at the hotels.

LEGISLATURE—THIRTY-SECOND DAY.

THE SENATE.

"Dowsett has a hatchet out for this bill, and McCandless an axe, and they are both armed with guns for it," said Bishop in the course of the only enlivening breeze that stirred the quiet waters in which the Senate moved yesterday.

The breeze blew up at once, like a trade wind coming over the ridge, when the Tantalus Park bill was reached in the regular order. The bill had been taken from the table on motion of Achi Thursday afternoon, and so was down for third reading. Dickey, as soon as the bill came up, moved that it go to a committee of three from Oahu, as the park was a matter in which Honolulu was chiefly interested.

It was at this point that Bishop objected. "There are only Lane and myself left in Oahu," he went on, "with Dowsett and McCandless out, and the bill would be killed, sure."

"I don't see the use of a committee," Dowsett said, in answer to Bishop. "The bill has already been reported on. If we are out now with hatchets and axes and guns, let us see what we can shoot and cut right now."

All the same, Bishop amended Dickey's resolution that the bill go to a special committee of five, which amendment Dickey accepted, and then it was lost. The order coming to read the bill and a petition from the Research Club favoring the proposed park, Paris moved that the bill go to a committee to be appointed by the chair, and this was voted for to save time. President Iversen appointed Dickey, Woods and Lane as the committee.

PINKHAM'S LATE REQUEST. A communication from the President of the Board of Health, the same letter that had been sent to the House yesterday, asked for an investigation of his department. It was given to the Achi special committee that now has Pinkham on the grill.

Senate Bill 81, the tax bill, passed third reading. Achi, Brown, Lane and McCandless voted against it.

Senate Bill 89, to license emigrant agents at the rate of \$500 per year, passed third reading, Achi being excused from voting because he said he did not understand the bill.

House Bills, 95, 126, 129, 132 and 151 were read first time and will be read for the second time today.

Senate Bill 86, the livery men bill, on second reading was amended in accordance with the recommendation made by the Miscellaneous Committee and passed. It will be read for the third time today.

House Bill 24, relating to the pay of deputy assessors, on second reading, was laid on the table.

House Bill 49, repealing license laws, on second reading, was laid on the table to be taken up with the license bill.

House Bill 136, to tax social clubs, on second reading, was sent back to the Ways and Means Committee to be taken up with the license bill. This was after it had been vainly debated for half an hour. The tax fixed in the bill for bona fide clubs is \$200 per annum.

The Senate then adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

It was not until the afternoon session that the House of Representatives began to get interesting yesterday. During the morning there had been routine business doing galore but soon after luncheon Chairman Fernandez of the Health Committee rose and said that he wished to read a letter from the Board of Health which he had just received.

PINKHAM'S LETTER. One could almost imagine a smell of chloride of lime as he unfolded the missive and passed it to the clerk. It ran thus:

Honolulu, Hawaii, March 24, 1905. Hon. A. Fernandez, Chairman of House Health Committee, Honolulu, T. H.

"Sir: I suggest, before steps are taken that may further complicate matters, that your Committee look into the legal status of the Board of Health relative to the examination of lepers."

"I believe your Committee will then concede that the law lays the sole duty on the Board of Health and that the Board of Health has no power to delegate its authority to the Legislative branch of the Government."

"The question of the constitutional powers of the Legislative and Executive branches of Government have unavoidably been forced to the front in the matter before you."

House and Delegate by making a (X) Board of Health, it would welcome, should the Legislature so wish and provide the means, a re-examination, under the Board, of any or all lepers so desiring, either at the Receiving Station or at the Settlement."

"However, the Board of Health, under its responsibility under the law, would take the ground that it alone should determine on the experience and practical knowledge of the examining physicians, that such examinations might be conducted with the skill the Board believes necessary to correct determination and justice."

"It is necessary the examination of lepers be conducted by physicians skilled in the use of the microscope as applied to the investigation of leprosy. The following physicians are known to the Board to have had this experience and are the only ones brought to its notice save possibly one non-citizen."

"Dr. J. T. McDonald,
"Dr. F. N. Day,
"Dr. A. N. Sinclair,
"Dr. Walter Hoffman,
"Dr. H. C. Sloggett,
"Dr. W. L. Moore,
"Dr. W. J. Goodhue."

"As a layman, I might mention Father Joseph of Kalawao, Molokai."

"I have no doubt but the Board would extend to the House Committee the courtesy of conferring with them should it become the duty of the Board to select a Board of Examiners from the above qualified list."

"This communication is more in the order of a suggestion to your Committee than otherwise and I trust it will be so received."

"I beg to remain,

"Very respectfully,
"L. E. PINKHAM,
"President, Board of Health."

NOT FOR ANDRADE.

It might be considered gruesome to note that, within a very short time after the reading of this note, one of the ham, Chairman Fernandez said it was an obstruction in the way of the Health Committee. The Board of Health was trying to prevent proper examinations being made into the condition of certain alleged lepers. He thought that under the Organic Act the Legislature had a perfect right to go ahead and make laws and to investigate with experts any case the House might see fit. He moved that the letter be referred to the Judiciary Committee with instructions to prepare an opinion on the matter.

Andrade, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, objected to taking up the physicians named in it lay cold in death himself.

AN OBSTRUCTION. In speaking of the letter, from Pinkham. To probe into the laws and to find just what bore and what did not bear on the matter in point would be a most intricate and lengthy operation and he as a lawyer would not feel that he was doing his duty in preparing or in helping to prepare an opinion without giving far more time than he could afford now. He believed that every other lawyer in the House would agree with him.

Kaniho did not look at things that way. He thought the Judiciary Committee should deal with the matter but in any event the House he believed should deal with it at once in some fashion.

OFFERS A COMPROMISE. Harris pointed out that as a matter of fact the House had been unable to do anything so far. The Board of Health had named certain physicians as the only ones it believed capable of conducting an examination. The House owed it to the people to do something for the patients still detained at Kaniho, so he moved that the Health Committee of the House select two physicians, the Board of Health select two physicians, and the four thus selected select a fifth for the purpose of going to the Kaniho station to examine and report on the people detained there. The motion carried without a dissenting voice and the clerk was instructed to communicate at once with the Secretary of the Board of Health.

The letter from Pinkham was then formally turned over to the Judiciary Committee.

ROUTINE MATTERS. Among the purely routine matters was the reading of a letter from Secretary Loeb acknowledging the receipt of the joint resolution regarding the appropriation of \$150,000 for the study of leprosy and assuring the House that it would be passed on to President Roosevelt.

MORE BILLS REPORTED. The following bills were reported from the Printing Committee, read a second time, and passed on to the different standing committees:

No. 143, to amend Chapter 2, Section 1, of 1886, as afterwards amended, concerning the fire limit boundaries in Honolulu. (Harris.)

No. 147, to regulate the admission of attorneys and counselors-at-law. (Coelho.)

No. 156, to amend revised laws relating to terms of court. (Long.)

No. 158, to amend revised laws relating to indictments, information and arraignments. (Mahelona.)

No. 164, to protect live stock and punishable produce from rough handling and neglect. (Lewis.)

No. 167, to regulate the business of farriers and horse-shoers. (Sheldon.)

No. 171, to prohibit females from being employed as typewriters and stenographers in government offices. (Broad.)

LIQUOR BILLS COMMITTEE. There was a discussion when Bill 170 was reached for second reading. This is the bill introduced by Fernandez relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors. It is the administration's measure.

Smith moved that as the bill was of the greatest importance and as there were other bills of a similar nature before the House, he moved it and other liquor bills be referred to a special committee of seven to be selected by the Speaker.

The motion was sustained after a brief debate and the Speaker later named the following as a select committee on the liquor bills: First District, Smith; Second District, Pulaa; Third District, Haia; Fourth District, Harris; Fifth District, Waterhouse; Sixth District, Mahikoa; at large, Long.

BACK TO CONFERENCE. The Senate sent back House Bill 84 slightly amended, but the House did not concur and Speaker Knudsen appointed Andrade, Coelho and Fernandez as Conference Committee on the bill.

The Senate Bill for the special appropriation of \$2000 for fighting the fires at Wailawa and Kona was rushed through its third reading.

House Bill —, the bill to prevent the High Sheriff and his subordinates from practicing law in causes, was amended to read that they be prohibited from practicing in civil causes. The bill passed its third reading by 23 ayes, 1 no.

As originally presented, the bill excluded the Attorney General, his deputies and assistants from private practice, but this was stricken out at second reading.

Aylett's House Bill 65 came up for second reading. It was a measure concerning the redemption within a year of property sold under mortgage. There was an adverse report from the Judiciary Committee on the bill, on the ground that the conditions imposed would practically prohibit any person from lending money on mortgage, as the loan would be so insecure. The committee's report had been tabled to be considered with the bill.

The committee's report was overruled, the bill passing second reading.

REPORTS FROM FINANCE. The Finance Committee reported on the following bills:

For the relief of J. Goldstein, (Fernandez.) Recommended.

To exempt from taxation the Lunalilo Home, Home for Incurables, Kona Orphanage and charitable institutions, exemption of land limited to church sites and burying grounds not five acres in extent. (Wilcox.) Recommended.

To make the exemption from taxation \$600 instead of \$300. (Kaniho.) Recommended indefinitely postponed but tabled by the House to be considered with the bill.

For the appointment of a commission to collect, arrange and classify public archives. (Wilcox.) Recommended.

In the matter of the Board of Health's correspondence with Dr. Milton Rice about the four leprosy patients at Hilo, Holstein reported that he had received copies of all the correspondence except a most important letter from Dr. Grace and on his motion the clerk was instructed to write for a copy of this.

Sheldon introduced a resolution for the appointment of a commission to revise the tax laws of the Territory.

For road from Puuhale, N. Kohala, to Kawaihale, S. Kohala, \$1,200. (Pulaa.) Recommended.

For roads on Maui, \$19,500. (Pall.) Recommended.

For road from Plopio street to Wailawa river, \$15,000; for road from Halepua to Kanehikahu, \$25,000. (Lewis.) Recommended.

Broad introduced the Wireless Telegraph Bill to enable the Superintendent of Public Works to enter into a contract with the Inter-Island Telegraph Company for the transmission of telegrams pertaining to government and official business and to appropriate money to carry out the contract. It was read a first time by title.

MARRIAGE TOO CHEAP. The Senate Bill to amend the Revised Laws to change the marriage license fee from 25 cents to \$1, had only one opponent, Kaniho. As a matter of fact, the smaller fee was inserted in the Revised Laws by an oversight, an old law being quoted. The fee has been \$1 for many years.

Senator McCandless's bill to amend the Revised Laws so that voters may designate their choice for Senate, in the right-hand side of the ballot passed third reading.

Fernandez introduced a resolution for an appropriation of \$15,000 for a road from a point on the Pali o Kaluahine to the road in Waipio village.

The House rose at 4:05.

THE SENATE. THIRTY-THIRD DAY

The Senate on Saturday had a very short session, devoted altogether to routine business. At the beginning of the session the House reported to the Senate its failure to concur in Senate amendments to House Bill 88. Achi, Bishop and Dowsett were appointed Senate conferees.

On House Bill 48, Hayselden, Dickey and Kalama were appointed Senate conferees.

The House also transmitted a number of its own bills as having passed third reading.

Achi of the Judiciary Committee reported Dickey did not favor the increase.

Brown introduced a resolution appropriating \$500 for road extension at Hilo.

Dowsett introduced a bill regulating sprinkling of clothes for preservation of public health. Passed first reading.

Hayselden introduced a bill to authorize R. A. Wadsworth and others to build an electric road on Maui. Passed first reading.

The order of the day came on action upon the Governor's recess appointments, and action was deferred until reported in favor of increasing the pay of court stenographers. Lane and next Wednesday.

Senate Bill 80, the liveryman's lien bill, was sent back to the committee.

House bills 95, 73, 129, 132 and 151 were read for the second time and referred.

House Bill 136, levying a tax of \$200 a year on social clubs, was taken up and read for the second time, section by section. The Ways and Means Committee had recommended that the tax be fixed as in the bill, and when the matter of the adoption of the report came up, Paris, who had submitted a minority report fixing the tax at \$250 a year, moved that the sum be fixed at that amount. He pleaded that the light wine and beer license was \$250, and clubs in the outside districts would take advantage of this bill and knock out the light wine and beer men.

Paris was beaten on the vote, and the amount of the tax fixed as in the bill. The bill then passed second reading. It will be read for the third time on Monday.

Dickey introduced a bill relating to taxes, designed to take the place of Achi's tax bill. It passed first reading.

The Senate then adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

The outbreak of an epidemic—presumably typhoid—in the valley of Pelekunu and at Halawa, Molokai, the news of which was published in the Advertiser yesterday, was the only topic of interest in the House of Representatives Saturday.

The matter was brought up in the shape of a resolution by Nakua, who wished the House to send two physicians to Molokai, with necessary medicines, forthwith.

There was a long debate, in which the old trouble between the Health Committee of the House and the Board of Health was everywhere apparent, and finally on Coelho's amendment the resolution was passed in this shape:

"Whereas, an epidemic has appeared in the valley of Pelekunu, Molokai, from which several deaths have resulted, and,

"Whereas, some of the residents of the said valley have moved to Halawa and the danger of the spread of the epidemic is apparent, and,

"Whereas, there is no regular government physician on the island of Molokai, and the danger of the spread of the epidemic to Kalawao and Kalaupapa makes it imperative that immediate action be taken;

"Therefore, be it resolved: That the

Board of Health immediately take up the matter of the epidemic and act thereupon."

PINKHAM'S REPLY. The communication was sent at once to the Board of Health and at the opening of the afternoon session there came the following reply:

March 25, 1905.
"D. Kalauokalani, Jr., Clerk of the House, Honolulu—
"Sir: Your communication of this date received.

"The matter of those suffering from an epidemic at Pelekunu, Molokai, has already had my attention by conference with the Governor.

"I have also conferred with others familiar with the locality.

"The Board of Health has no funds for such an emergency and has been granted none.

"The General Expense fund cannot be drawn on, as it will barely last the period.

"If the Legislature desires to render succor to these sufferers it must make immediate financial provision.

"I suggest upon such provision being made, the President of the Board of Health be authorized to send a wireless telegram to Dr. Dinagar of Punahoa, Maui, to secure the tug Leslie Baldwin and proceed at once to Pelekunu and Halawa, Molokai, directing him to take a physician who can remain and one nurse at least. Quick action on the part of the House is necessary. I beg to remain,

"Very respectfully,
"L. E. PINKHAM,
"Pres. B. of H."

Coelho introduced a concurrent resolution to the effect that, the Senate concurring, a sufficient sum be inserted in the emergency or unpaid bill for the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred by the Board of Health on account of the epidemic reported prevalent at Pelekunu and Halawa.

THE HOUSE ASSENTS. There was a sharp discussion over the matter. Holstein putting in an amendment to the effect that the House should undertake the expense out of its own appropriation rather than risk delay. This was debated at some length and during the debate President Pinkham entered the chamber. He had a brief interview with Holstein and after it Holstein rose, withdrawing his amendment. He stated that he had had a conversation with President Pinkham, who had assured him that the motion as made by Coelho would be quite sufficient to justify the Board of Health in taking immediate action.

The concurrent resolution, upon this, was immediately adopted.

MERELY ROUTINE. The following bills were introduced and under suspension of the rules were read a first time by title and committed:

To provide for the letting and performance of contracts relating to public improvements and the furnishing of materials therefor. (Harris.)

To exempt from taxation real and personal property belonging to the Territory, to incorporated or private schools, to the Queen's Hospital, to religious societies, to Kapiolani Maternity Home, church sites and burying grounds of not more than five acres, public library associations and to benevolent, beneficent and charitable societies. (Harris.)

To give the court in any case discretionary power to order a jury locked up or otherwise segregated after being sworn until a verdict is rendered or the jury discharged. (Andrade.)

To amend the section of the Revised Laws relating to dower. (Smith.)

To amend the section of the Revised Laws relating to wills. (Smith.)

To provide for the protection of forest lands from fire. (Waterhouse.)

TRACK ON KING STREET. Superintendent Holloway sent to the House a statement of all the pipe laying for the last six months of 1904 and also reported that he had taken up the matter of the removal of the cross-over connection track on King street near Liliha with Manager Balleentyne of the Rapid Transit Co.

The Health Committee reported favorably on the resolutions to increase the clothing and beef rations at the Leper Settlement and recommended that it be considered in connection with the appropriation bill.

A similar recommendation was made with regard to Aylett's proposal to buy Dr. Goto's leprosy medicine.

Kaniho's petition to separate the settlement from the County of Maui was referred to the Maui delegation.

The Health Committee reported favorably on the bill relating to the practice of veterinary, medicine, surgery and dentistry with slight amendments.

SOME IMPROVEMENTS. The Committee on Public Lands and Internal Improvements reported on the following matters:

For a 7-mile road through Kealahou and Honouliuli homesteads, \$20,000. (Pulaa.) Recommended.

To improve the Pali trail, Kaunakakai to Koke \$5000; road from Kaunakakai to top of Pali \$2000; jail at Kalaupapa \$1500. (Coelho.) Recommended.

For completing road from the Pali of Puna to Halepua \$2000. (Lewis.) Recommended.

For a water pipe on the Puohoa road. (Aylett.) Recommended.

For extension of Punchbowl street to Judd street \$15,000. (Lilikalan.) Recommended.

For the Walea-Papa Homestead road 16 miles long \$25,000; for relocating and regrading Hookena road \$200. (Holstein.) Recommended.

RESOLUTIONS. The following resolutions were introduced:

For improving Mocheau Park, Hilo, \$4000; bridge from Kaneke to Mokuolu \$3500; for repairing Plopio road \$3000. (Kaniho.)

For relocating Ponahawai street from School street to Hainai st. S. Hilo, \$1,000. (Lewis.)

To request the auditor to furnish the House with the names of all persons drawing salaries from the Territory while absent from the territory, if any, during six months last past. (Coelho.)